

What is claimed is:

1. A resin composition for a separator of a fuel cell, which comprises an electroconductive agent and a radical-polymerizable thermosetting resin system.
- 5 2. A resin composition according to Claim 1, wherein the radical-polymerizable thermosetting resin system comprises at least a radical-polymerizable resin.
- 10 3. A resin composition according to Claim 1, wherein the radical-polymerizable thermosetting resin system comprises a radical-polymerizable resin and a radical-polymerizable diluent.
- 15 4. A resin composition according to Claim 2, wherein the radical-polymerizable resin comprises a vinyl ester-series resin.
5. A resin composition according to Claim 2, wherein the radical-polymerizable resin comprises a vinyl ester-series resin in which (meth)acrylic acid is added to a bisphenol-type epoxy resin.
- 20 6. A resin composition according to Claim 2, wherein the double bond equivalent of the radical-polymerizable resin is 200 to 1,000.
- 25 7. A resin composition according to Claim 1, wherein the hardened radical-polymerizable thermosetting resin system has a glass transition temperature of 120 °C or more.
8. A resin composition according to Claim 3, wherein the radical-polymerizable diluent comprises at

least an aromatic vinyl compound.

9. A resin composition according to Claim 1,  
wherein the weight ratio of the electroconductive agent  
to the radical-polymerizable thermosetting resin system  
is 55/45 to 95/5.

10. A resin composition according to Claim 1,  
wherein the electroconductive agent comprises a carbon  
powder.

11. A resin composition according to Claim 1, which  
comprises a carbon powder, a radical-polymerizable vinyl  
ester-series resin having a plurality of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ -  
ethylenically unsaturated double bonds, and a monomer  
having  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ -ethylenically unsaturated double bond,  
wherein the weight ratio of the vinyl ester-series resin  
to the monomer is 100/0 to 20/80, and the weight ratio  
of the carbon powder to the total amount of the vinyl  
ester-series resin and the monomer is 55/45 to 95/5.

12. A resin composition according to Claim 1, which  
comprises a carbon powder, a vinyl ester-series resin  
formed by adding a (meth)acrylic acid to a bisphenol-  
type epoxy resin and a radical-polymerizable diluent  
comprising at least a styrene, wherein the double bond  
equivalent of the vinyl ester-series resin is 200 to 800.

13. A resin composition according to Claim 1, which  
further comprises a low-profile agent.

14. A resin composition according to Claim 13,  
wherein the low-profile agent comprises at least one

member selected from the group consisting of a styrenic thermoplastic elastomer, a saturated polyester-series resin, and a vinyl acetate-series polymer.

15. A resin composition according to Claim 13,  
5 wherein the amount of the low-profile agent is 0.1 to 30 parts by weight relative to 100 parts by weight of the radical-polymerizable thermosetting resin system.

16. A separator for a solid polymer-type fuel cell formed with the resin composition recited in Claim 1.

10 17. A process for producing the separator recited in Claim 16 which comprises molding the resin composition recited in Claim 1 by a resin molding method.  
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18. A process according to Claim 17, which comprising kneading the resin composition recited in  
15 Claim 1 with a pressure kneader and molding the kneaded one.

19. A process according to Claim 18, wherein the pressure in the pressure kneader is  $0.1 \times 10^5$  to  $10 \times 10^5$  Pa.

20. Use of a resin composition for a separator of a fuel cell, wherein the resin composition comprises an electroconductive agent and a radical-polymerizable thermosetting resin system.